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By: He have al. De Montros

Haley Farm

WATER JOINT RESOLUTION

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S,J.R. No. 42

proposing a constitutional amendment to partially exempt residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by county education districts.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Article VIII Section 1-b, of the Texas Constitution is amended by amending Subsection (e) and adding Subsection (f) to read as follows:

The governing body of a political subdivision, other than a county education / district, may exempt from ad valorem taxation a percentage ϕ f the market value of the residence homestead of a married of unmarried adult, including one living The percentage may not exceed forty percent (40%) for the years 1982 through 198/4, thirty percent (30%) for the years 1985 through 1987, and twenty percent (20%) in 1988 and each subsequent year. However, the/amount of an exemption authorized pursuant to this subsection ma_{2} not be less than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) unless the legislature by general law prescribes other monetary restrictions on the amount of the exemption. An eligible adult is entitled to receive other applicable exemptions provided by law. Where ad valor/em tax has previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and col/lect the tax against the value of the homesteads exempted ynder this subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligation of the contract by which/the debt was created. The legislature by general law may

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- prescribe procedures for the administration of residence homestead exemptions.
- (f) Twenty percent (20%) of the market value of a residence 3 homestead is exempt from ad valorem taxation by a county education 4 district. However, the amount of an exemption under this subsection may not be less than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) 6 unless the legislature by general law prescribed other monetary 7 restrictions on the amount of the exemption. An owner of a 8 residence homestead is entitled to receive other applicable 9 exemptions provided by law. The legislature by general law may 10 prescribe procedures for the administration of the residence 11 homestead exemption provided by this subsection. 12
- SECTION 2. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held on November 5, 1991. The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment relating to a partial exemption of residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by county education districts."

Green, et al. S.J.R. No. 42 (In the Senate - Filed March 25, 1991; April 2, 1991, read time and referred to Committee on Finance; April 11, 1991, reported favorably by the following vote: Yeas 9, Nays April 11, 1991, sent to printer.)

COMMITTEE VOTE

	Yea	Nay	PNV	Absent
Montford	х			
Barrientos	х			
Armbrister				x
Bivins	х			
Brooks	х			
Haley				x
Johnson	х			
Parker				х
Ratliff	х			
Sims				x
Tejeda	х			
Truan	х			,
Turner	х			

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment to partially exempt residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by county education districts. BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Article VIII, Section 1-b, of the Texas Constitution is amended by amending Subsection (e) and adding Subsection (f) to read as follows:

(e) The governing body of a political subdivision, than a county education district, may exempt from ad valorem taxation a percentage of the market value of the residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including one living alone. The percentage may not exceed forty percent (40%) for the years 1982 through 1984, thirty percent (30%) for the years 1985 through 1987, and twenty percent (20%) in 1988 and each subsequent However, the amount of an exemption authorized pursuant to this subsection may not be less than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) unless the legislature by general law prescribes other monetary restrictions on the amount of the exemption. An eligible adult is entitled to receive other applicable exemptions provided by law. Where ad valorem tax has previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect the tax against the value of the homesteads exempted under this subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was created. The legislature by general law may prescribe procedures for the administration of residence homestead exemptions.

(f) Twenty percent (20%) of the market value of a residence is exempt from ad valorem taxation by a county education homestead district. However, the amount of an exemption under this subsection may not be less than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) unless the legislature by general law prescribed other monetary restrictions on the amount of the exemption. An owner of a residence homestead is entitled to receive other applicable exemptions provided by law. The legislature by general law may prescribe procedures for the administration of the residence homestead exemption provided by this subsection.

SECTION 2. This proposed constitutional amendment shall submitted to the voters at an election to be held on November 5, 1991. The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment relating to a partial exemption of residence homesteads from ad valorem

taxation by county education districts."

S.J.R. No. 42

1	* * * *
2 3 4 5	Austin, Texas April 11, 1991 Hon. Bob Bullock President of the Senate
6	Sir:
7 8 9 10	We, your Committee on Finance to which was referred S.J.R. No. 42, have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass and be printed.
1 1	Montford, Chairman

FAVORABLE SENATE COMMITTEE REPORT ON

SR HB HCR HJR

SCR (SJR)

By

SB

(date of submission to Senate)					
	·	·			
Lt. Governor Bob Bullock President of the Senate					
Sir:					
We, your Committee on	Finance		, to which was	referred the atta	ched measure,
have on $4-11-91$, h	ad the same under	· consideration	and I am instruc	ted to report it
(date of hearing) back with the recommendation (s) that is					•
(v) do pass and be printed					
() do pass and be ordered not printed					
() and is recommended for placement or	n the Local	and Uncontested I	Bills Calendar.		
A fiscal note was requested.	() yes	() no			
A revised fiscal note was requested.	() yes	() no			
An actuarial analysis was requested.	() yes	() no			
Considered by subcommittee.	() yes	(7 no			
The measure was reported from Committee	tee by the f	ollowing vote:			
		YEA	NAY	ABSENT	PNV
Montford, Chairman			NAI	T	1111
Barrientos, Vice-Chairman		7			
Armbrister					<u>.</u>
Bivins		1/			
Brooks					
				 	
Haley					
Johnson	-			 	
Parker				V	
Ratliff				 	
Sims				V	
<u>Tejeda</u>					
Truan					
Turner				 ,/_	
TOTAL VOTES		9	0	$\perp \mathcal{F} \perp$	
	COMI	MITTEE ACTIO	Ŋ	·	
S260 Considered in public hearing					
S270 Testimony taken			•		
J Williams		12/11		0	
Mya College			metars	<u> </u>	
COMMITTEE CLERK '		CHAIRMAN	\		
Paper clip the original and one copy of this signed form to	the original bill		`		
Deliver one copy of this form to the Calendar Clerk, Room	218 Capitol				
Deliver one copy of this form to the Legislative Reference I	Library, Room 2	07B Capitol			
Retain one copy of this form for Committee files					

FISCAL NOTE

April 11, 1991

TO: Honorable John Montford, Chairman

IN RE: Senate Joint Resolution No. 42

Committee on Finance

By: Green, et al.

Senate Chamber Austin, Texas

FROM: Jim Oliver, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on Senate Joint Resolution No. 42 (proposing a constitutional amendment to partially exempt residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by county education districts) this office has determined the following:

The resolution proposes a constitutional amendment which, if approved by the voters, would provide an ad valorem tax exemption of 20 percent on residence homesteads for taxes levied by a county education district. The resolution anticipates enactment of Senate Bill No. 351, which would create county education districts for the purpose of levying a required minimum tax under the Foundation School Program (FSP).

The Texas Constitution currently allows all political subdivisions to grant a homestead exemption not to exceed 20 percent and no lower than \$5,000. The proposed amendment would require county education districts to provide a 20 percent exemption.

The increase in required homestead exemptions would have the effect of reducing local revenue collected for the county education districts and increasing state aid under tier one of the FSP. These fiscal implications cannot be accurately determined at this time.

The cost of publication of the resolution to the State is \$60,000.

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JWH, DF, JOB, LC

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China Clark of the House

By: Green, et al.

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S.J.R. No. 42

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment to partially exempt residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by county education districts.

TO SEE THE PROPERTY S

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Article VIII, Section 1-b, of the Texas Constitution is amended by amending Subsection (e) and adding Subsection (f) to read as follows:

(e) The governing body of a political subdivision, other than a county education district, may exempt from ad valorem taxation a percentage of the market value of the residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including one living alone. The percentage may not exceed forty percent (40%) for the years 1982 through 1984, thirty percent (30%) for the years 1985 through 1987, and twenty percent (20%) in 1988 and each subsequent year. However, the amount of an exemption authorized pursuant to this subsection may not be less than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) unless the legislature by general law prescribes other monetary restrictions on the amount of the exemption. An eligible adult is entitled to receive other applicable exemptions provided by Where ad valorem tax has previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect the tax against the value of the homesteads exempted under this subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was created. The legislature by general law may

S.J.R. No. 42

prescribe procedures for the administration of residence homestead exemptions.

(f) Twenty percent (20%) of the market value of a residence homestead is exempt from ad valorem taxation by a county education district. However, the amount of an exemption under this subsection may not be less than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) unless the legislature by general law prescribed other monetary restrictions on the amount of the exemption. An owner of a residence homestead is entitled to receive other applicable exemptions provided by law. The legislature by general law may prescribe procedures for the administration of the residence homestead exemption provided by this subsection.

SECTION 2. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held on November 5, 1991. The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment relating to a partial exemption of residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by county education districts."

FISCAL NOTE

April 11, 1991

TO:

Honorable John Montford, Chairman

IN RE: Senate Joint Resolution No. 42

Committee on Finance

By: Green, et al.

Senate Chamber Austin, Texas

FROM: Jim Oliver, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on Senate Joint Resolution No. 42 (proposing a constitutional amendment to partially exempt residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by county education districts) this office has determined the following:

The resolution proposes a constitutional amendment which, if approved by the voters, would provide an ad valorem tax exemption of 20 percent on residence homesteads for taxes levied by a county education district. The resolution anticipates enactment of Senate Bill No. 351, which would create county education districts for the purpose of levying a required minimum tax under the Foundation School Program (FSP).

The Texas Constitution currently allows all political subdivisions to grant a homestead exemption not to exceed 20 percent and no lower than \$5,000. The proposed amendment would require county education districts to provide a 20 percent exemption.

The increase in required homestead exemptions would have the effect of reducing local revenue collected for the county education districts and increasing state aid under tier one of the FSP. These fiscal implications cannot be accurately determined at this time.

The cost of publication of the resolution to the State is \$60,000.

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JWH, DF, JOB, LC

HOUSE COMMITTEE REPORT SERVE OF REFINEDER MAN - 9 PM 5: 36

1st Printing

By Green, et al.

S.J.R. No. 42

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Substitute the following for S.J.R. No. 42:

Ву

C.S.S.J.R. No. 42

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing a county education district by election to adopt certain residence homestead exemptions and to provide for the taxation of certain tangible personal property.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Article VIII, Section 1-b(e), of the Texas Constitution is amended to read as follows:

(e) The governing body of a political subdivision, other than a county education district, may exempt from ad valorem percentage of the market value of the residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including one living In the manner provided by law, the voters of a county alone. education district at an election held for that purpose may exempt from ad valorem taxation a percentage of the market value of the residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including one The percentage may not exceed [forty-percent-(40%) living alone. for-the-years-1982-through-1984,-thirty-percent-(30%)-for-the-years 1985-through-1987,-and] twenty percent [(20%)--in--1988--and--each However, the amount of an exemption authorized subsequent--year]. pursuant to this subsection may not be less than Five Thousand unless the legislature by general law prescribes (\$5,000) other monetary restrictions on the amount of the exemption. eligible adult is entitled to receive other applicable exemptions provided by law. Where ad valorem tax has previously been pledged

for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect the tax against the value of the homesteads exempted under this subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was created. The legislature by general law may prescribe procedures for the administration of residence homestead exemptions.

SECTION 2. Article VIII, Section 1-b(b), of the Texas Constitution is amended to read as follows:

The [From-and-after-January-17-19737-the] governing body school district, or other political of any county, city, town, subdivision of the State, other than a county education district, may exempt by its own action not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000) of the market value of residence homesteads of persons, married or unmarried, including those living alone, who are under a disability for purposes of payment of disability insurance benefits under Federal Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance or successor or of married or unmarried persons sixty-five (65) years of age or older, including those living alone, from all ad valorem taxes thereafter levied by the political subdivision. As an alternative, upon receipt of a petition signed by twenty percent (20%) of the voters who voted in the last preceding election held by the political subdivision, the governing body of the subdivision shall call an election to determine by majority vote whether an amount not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000) as provided in the petition, of the market value of residence homesteads of disabled persons or of persons sixty-five (65) years of age or over

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shall be exempt from ad valorem taxes thereafter levied by the In the manner provided by law, the voters political subdivision. 2 of a county education district at an election held for that purpose 3 may exempt an amount not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000), as provided in the petition, of the market value of residence homesteads of disabled persons or of persons sixty-five (65) years 6 of age or over from ad valorem taxes thereafter levied by the 7 county education district. An eligible disabled person who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older may not receive both exemptions from the same political subdivision in the same year but 10 may choose either if the subdivision has adopted both. Where any 11 ad valorem tax has theretofore been pledged for the payment of 12 debt, the taxing officers of the political subdivision shall have 13 authority to continue to levy and collect the tax against 14 homestead property at the same rate as the tax so pledged until the 15 debt is discharged, if the cessation of the levy would impair the 16 obligation of the contract by which the debt was created. An 17 exemption adopted under this subsection based on assessed value is 18 increased, effective January 1, 1979, to an amount that, 19 converted to market value, provides the same reduction in taxes, 20 except that the market value exemption shall be rounded to 21 nearest \$100. 22

SECTION 3. Article VIII, Section 1(e), of the Texas
Constitution is amended to read as follows:

(e) The governing body of a political subdivision, other than a county education district, may provide for the taxation of all property exempt under a law adopted under Subdivision (2) of

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Subsection (d) of this section and not exempt from ad valorem taxation by any other law. In the manner provided by law, the voters of a county education district at an election held for that purpose may provide for the taxation of all property exempt under a law adopted under Subdivision (2) of Subsection (d) of this section and not exempt from ad valorem taxation by any other law.

SECTION 4. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held August 10, 1991. The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment to allow the voters of a county education district to adopt certain exemptions from the district's ad valorem taxation for residence homesteads and to provide for the taxation of certain tangible personal property."

COMMITTEE REPORT

The Honorable Gib Lewis
Speaker of the House of Representatives

5-	7-91	
	(date)	

				(date)
Sir:				
We, your COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC	<u> </u>			
to whom was referred	R 42	have had the	same under consider	ration and beg to report
	(measure)			3
back with the recommendation that	it			
 () do pass, without amendment. () do pass, with amendment(s). (x) do pass and be not printed; a 	Complete Committee :	Substitute is recomme	ended in lieu of the or	iginal measure.
A fiscal note was requested. ('x') y		An author's fiscal s		
A criminal justice policy impact state	ement was requested.			100. () JOB (X) IIC
An equalized educational funding in			() no	
An actuarial analysis was requested		(())	()	
A water development policy impact	,	sted. () ves (x:) i	20	
A federal funds impact statement wa				
() The Committee recommends the			on Local and Conson	t Calandara
This measure () proposes new la			on Local and Consen	t Calendars.
House Sponsor of Senate Measure	/ /	ixioting law.		
The measure was reported from Co		ng voto:		
The modelie was reported from 60				
Glossbrenner, Ch.	AYE	NAY	PNV	ABSENT
Luna, V.C.				
Colbert, C.B.O.				
Arnold				
	V			
Berlanga				
Blair				
Fraser				V
Grusendorf				V
Schoolcraft				V
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Total 6 aye		Erunt	1.GC	
7	sent, not voting	CHAIRMAN [] DOGA	L K. McCa	ell
abse	∍nt	COMMITTEE CO	ORDINATOŘ	

Resolution-Analysis

S.J.R. 42

By: Green, et al. (Colbert)

Committee on Public Education

C.S.S.J.R. 42 By: Berlanga

BACKGROUND:

S.B. 351 created new County Education Districts. Without a constitutional amendment, the board of each County Education District could exempt any percentage up to 20 percent of market value for residential homesteads. Limiting the discretionary authority of the new County Education District boards should minimize any possible Federal Voting Rights Act problems.

PURPOSE:

C.S.S.J.R. 42 would allow voters within a County Education District to grant themselves a 20 percent residential homestead exemption "in the manner provided by law."

RULEMAKING AUTHORITY:

It is the opinion of the committee that this resolution does not delegate any broad or specific rulemaking authority to any state officer, department, agency or institution.

SYNOPSIS:

This resolution amends Article VIII, Section 1-b(b), (e) and 1(e) of the Texas Constitution.

SECTION 1

Section 1-b(e) of Article VIII of the Constitution is amended, prohibiting the board of a County Education District from granting a residential homestead ad valorem taxation exemption, giving that authority instead to the voters of the County Education District. The maximum percentage allowed to be exempted is 20 percent. The resolution leaves to statute the actual mechanism by which the voters grant themselves this exemption.

SECTION 2:

Section 1-b(b) of Article VIII of the Constitution is amended, prohibiting the board of a County Education District from granting a disabled persons or persons over sixty-five years of age or over ad valorem taxation exemption, giving that authority instead to the voters of the County Education District. The resolution leaves to statute the actual mechanism by which the voters grant themselves this exemption.

SECTION 3:

Amends section 1(e) of Article VIII of the Constitution, is amended, prohibiting the board of a County Education District from providing for the taxation of property exempt under Subdivision (2) of Subsection (d) of § 1 of Article VIII and not exempt from ad valorem taxation by any other law. As in SECTIONS 1 and 2 of the resolution, the power removed from the board of the County Education district is given to the voters.

COMPARISON OF ORIGINAL TO SUBSTITUTE:

The original, filed version of S.J.R. 42 removed the authority of the board of a County Education District to grant homestead exemptions and granted a flat 20 percent residential homestead exemption. The substitute amends Article VIII of the Constitution so that the boards of the County Education Districts have no discretionary taxing authority or power to grant exemptions. This authority is given to the voters with the mechanism for the exercise of this power to be spelled out in law.

SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE ACTION:

On May 7, 1991, SJR 42 was considered in a public hearing. At that meeting, the Chair laid out SJR 42. The Chair laid out a complete committee substitute to SJR 42 offered by Representative Berlanga. Representative Berlanga moved that the committee substitute be adopted. There being no objection, the committee substitute was adopted. Representative Berlanga moved that SJR 42 as substituted be reported favorably to the full House with the recommendation that it do pass and be printed. The motion prevailed by the following vote: 6 Ayes, 0 Nays, 0 PNV and 3 Absent.

FISCAL NOTE

May 8, 1991

Honorable Emestine Glossbrenner, TO:

IN RE: House Committee Substitute for

Senate Joint Resolution No. 42,

Chair Committee on Public Education

House of Representatives

Austin, Texas

FROM: Jim Oliver, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on House Committee Substitute for Senate Joint Resolution No. 42 (proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing a county education district by election to adopt certain residence homestead exemptions and to provide for the taxation of certain tangible personal property) this office has determined the following:

The resolution proposes a constitutional amendment which, if approved by the voters, would allow the voters of a county education district to grant additional ad valorem tax exemptions for homesteads -- including those owned by disabled and elderly persons -- and to tax certain tangible personal property. The resolution anticipates enactment of Senate Bill No. 351, which would create county education districts for the purpose of levying a required minimum tax under the Foundation School Program (FSP). The proposed amendment would be placed before the voters on August 10, 1991.

The resolution's provisions, as implemented by Senate Bill 351 and other enabling legislation, could have an impact on local tax revenue collectors depending on the outcome of local elections. These fiscal implications cannot be determined.

The cost of publication of the resolution to the State is \$60,000. No other cost to the State is anticipated.

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JWH, DF, JOB, PA

FISCAL NOTE

May 7, 1991

TO:

Honorable Emestine Glossbrenner,

Chair

Committee on Public Education

House of Representatives

Austin, Texas

IN RE:

Senate Joint Resolution No. 42,

as engrossed

By: Green, et al.

FROM: Jim Oliver, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on Senate Joint Resolution No. 42, as engrossed (proposing a constitutional amendment to partially exempt residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by county education districts) this office has determined the following:

The resolution proposes a constitutional amendment which, if approved by the voters, would provide an ad valorem tax exemption of 20 percent on residence homesteads for taxes levied by a county education district. The resolution anticipates enactment of Senate Bill No. 351, which would create county education districts for the purpose of levying a required minimum tax under the Foundation School Program (FSP).

The Texas Constitution currently <u>allows</u> all political subdivisions to grant a homestead exemption not to exceed 20 percent and no lower than \$5,000. The proposed amendment would <u>require</u> county education districts to provide a 20 percent exemption.

The increase in required homestead exemptions would have the effect of reducing local revenue collected for the county education districts and increasing state aid under tier one of the FSP. These fiscal implications cannot be accurately determined at this time.

The cost of publication of the resolution to the State is \$60,000.

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JWH, DF, JOB, LC

FISCAL NOTE

April 11, 1991

TO:

Honorable John Montford, Chairman

IN RE: Senate Joint Resolution No. 42

Committee on Finance

Senate Chamber Austin, Texas

By: Green, et al.

FROM: Jim Oliver, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on Senate Joint Resolution No. 42 (proposing a constitutional amendment to partially exempt residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by county education districts) this office has determined the following:

The resolution proposes a constitutional amendment which, if approved by the voters, would provide an ad valorem tax exemption of 20 percent on residence homesteads for taxes levied by a county education district. The resolution anticipates enactment of Senate Bill No. 351, which would create county education districts for the purpose of levying a required minimum tax under the Foundation School Program (FSP).

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The increase in required homestead exemptions would have the effect of reducing local revenue collected for the county education districts and increasing state aid under tier one of the FSP. These fiscal implications cannot be accurately determined at this time.

The cost of publication of the resolution to the State is \$60,000.

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JWH, DF, JOB, LC

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

EQUALIZED EDUCATION FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT

May 8, 1991

To:

Honorable Ernestine Glossbrenner, Chair

Committee on Public Education

In Re:

House Committee Substitute for

Senate Joint Resolution No. 42

From: Jim Oliver, Director

In response to your request for an Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement on House Committee Substitute for Senate Joint Resolution No. 42 (proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing a county education district by election to adopt certain residence homestead exemptions and to provide for the taxation of certain tangible personal property), this office has determined the following:

The impact of this resolution on equalized funding requirements and policies affecting public education cannot be ascertained.

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

EQUALIZED EDUCATION FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT

May 7, 1991

To:

Honorable Ernestine Glossbrenner, Chair

Committee on Public Education

In Re:

Senate Joint Resolution No. 42

By:

Green, et al

From: Jim Oliver, Director

In response to your request for an Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement on Senate Joint Resolution No. 42 (proposing a constitutional amendment to partially exempt residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by county education districts), this office has determined the following:

The impact of this resolution on equalized funding requirements and policies affecting public education cannot be ascertained.

ADOPTED as amended

MAY 23 1991

Chief Clerk
House of Representatives

By Green, et al.

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S.J.R. No. 42

Substitute the following for S.J.R. No. 42:

By Delly

C.S.S.J.R. No. 42

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing a county education district by election to adopt certain residence homestead exemptions and to provide for the taxation of certain tangible personal property.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Article VIII, Section 1-b(e), of the Texas Constitution is amended to read as follows:

(e) The governing body of a political subdivision, other than a county education district, may exempt from ad valorem taxation a percentage of the market value of the residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including one living In the manner provided by law, the voters of a county alone. education district at an election held for that purpose may exempt from ad valorem taxation a percentage of the market value of the residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including one living alone. The percentage may not exceed [forty-percent-(40%) for-the-years-1982-through-1984, -thirty-percent-(30%)-for-the-years 1985-through-1987,-and] twenty percent [(20%)--in--1988--and--each subsequent--year]. However, the amount of an exemption authorized pursuant to this subsection may not be less than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) unless the legislature by general law prescribes other monetary restrictions on the amount of the exemption. eligible adult is entitled to receive other applicable exemptions provided by law. Where ad valorem tax has previously been pledged

for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect the tax against the value of the homesteads exempted under this subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was created. The legislature by general law may prescribe procedures for the administration of residence homestead exemptions.

SECTION 2. Article VIII, Section 1-b(b), of the Texas Constitution is amended to read as follows:

The [From-and-after-January-17-19737-the] governing body of any county, city, town, school district, or other political subdivision of the State, other than a county education district, may exempt by its own action not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000) of the market value of residence homesteads of persons, married or unmarried, including those living alone, who are under a disability for purposes of payment of disability insurance benefits under Federal Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance or successor or of married or unmarried persons sixty-five (65) years of age or older, including those living alone, from all ad valorem taxes thereafter levied by the political subdivision. As an alternative, upon receipt of a petition signed by twenty percent (20%) of the voters who voted in the last preceding election held by the political subdivision, the governing body of the subdivision shall call an election to determine by majority vote whether amount not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000) as provided in the petition, of the market value of residence homesteads of disabled persons or of persons sixty-five (65) years of age or over

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shall be exempt from ad valorem taxes thereafter levied by the 1 In the manner provided by law, the voters political subdivision. 2 of a county education district at an election held for that purpose 3 may exempt an amount not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000), as provided in the petition, of the market value of residence 5 homesteads of disabled persons or of persons sixty-five (65) years 6 of age or over from ad valorem taxes thereafter levied by the 7 county education district. An eligible disabled person who is 8 sixty-five (65) years of age or older may not receive both 9 exemptions from the same political subdivision in the same year but 10 may choose either if the subdivision has adopted both. Where any 11 ad valorem tax has theretofore been pledged for the payment of any 12 debt, the taxing officers of the political subdivision shall have 13 authority to continue to levy and collect the tax against 14 homestead property at the same rate as the tax so pledged until the 15 debt is discharged, if the cessation of the levy would impair the 16 obligation of the contract by which the debt was created. An 17 exemption adopted under this subsection based on assessed value is 18 increased, effective January 1, 1979, to an amount that, when 19 converted to market value, provides the same reduction in taxes, 20 except that the market value exemption shall be rounded to the 21 nearest \$100. 22

SECTION 3. Article VIII, Section 1(e), of the Texas Constitution is amended to read as follows:

(e) The governing body of a political subdivision, other than a county education district, may provide for the taxation of all property exempt under a law adopted under Subdivision (2) of

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Subsection (d) of this section and not exempt from ad valorem taxation by any other law. In the manner provided by law, the voters of a county education district at an election held for that purpose may provide for the taxation of all property exempt under a law adopted under Subdivision (2) of Subsection (d) of this section and not exempt from ad valorem taxation by any other law.

SECTION 4. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held August 10, 1991. The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment to allow the voters of a county education district to adopt certain exemptions from the district's ad valorem taxation for residence homesteads and to provide for the taxation of certain tangible personal property."

FISCAL NOTE

April 11, 1991

TO:

Honorable John Montford, Chairman

IN RE: Senate Joint Resolution No. 42

Committee on Finance

By: Green, et al.

Senate Chamber Austin, Texas

FROM: Jim Oliver, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on Senate Joint Resolution No. 42 (proposing a constitutional amendment to partially exempt residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by county education districts) this office has determined the following:

The resolution proposes a constitutional amendment which, if approved by the voters, would provide an ad valorem tax exemption of 20 percent on residence homesteads for taxes levied by a county education district. The resolution anticipates enactment of Senate Bill No. 351, which would create county education districts for the purpose of levying a required minimum tax under the Foundation School Program (FSP).

The Texas Constitution currently allows all political subdivisions to grant a homestead exemption not to exceed 20 percent and no lower than \$5,000. The proposed amendment would require county education districts to provide a 20 percent exemption.

The increase in required homestead exemptions would have the effect of reducing local revenue collected for the county education districts and increasing state aid under tier one of the FSP. These fiscal implications cannot be accurately determined at this time.

The cost of publication of the resolution to the State is \$60,000.

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JWH, DF, JOB, LC

AMENDMENT NO.

BY Schooleraft

Amend S.J.R. No. 42 by adding a new Section 4 to read as follows and renumbering subsequent sections of the resolution appropriately:

SECTION 4. Article VIII, of the Texas Constitution is amended by adding Section 1-b-1 to read as follows:

Sec. 1-b-1. The references to a county education district in Sections 1 and 1-b of this article do not validate county education districts.

ADOPTED

MAY 23 1991

House of Representatives

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT FORM

May 26, 1991	
Date	_
ADOPTED	
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Austin, Texas

Honorable Bob Bullock President of the Senate

Honorable Gibson D. "Gib" Lewis Speaker of the House of Representatives

Sir:

We, your Conference Committee, appointed to adjust the differences between the Senate and the House of Representatives on S.J.R. 42 have met and had the same under consideration, and beg to report it back with the recommendation that it do pass in the form and text hereto attached.

Chair, Gene, Green

Senator John Whitmire

Senator Judith Zaffirini

Senator Bill Haley

On the part of the Senate

Senator Carl Parker

Chair, Paul Colbert

Representative Fred Blair

Representative Glossbrenner

Representative Gregory Luna

n the part of the House

Representative Grusendorf

Note to Conference Committee Clerk:

Please type the name of the members of the Conference Committee under the lines provided for signature. Those members desiring to sign the report should sign each of the six copies. Attach a copy of the Conference Committee Report and a Section by Section side by side comparison to each of the six reporting forms. Three copies are then filed in the Senate and three copies filed in the House of Representatives.

MAY 27 1991 filed 4:30P

Conference Committee Report on

S.J.R. 42

5. J.R. No. 42

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing a county education district by election to adopt certain residence homestead exemptions and to provide for the taxation of certain tangible personal property.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

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SECTION 1. Article VIII, Section 1-b(e), of the Texas Constitution is amended to read as follows:

(e) The governing body of a political subdivision, other 8 than a county education district, may exempt from ad valorem 9 taxation a percentage of the market value of the residence 10 homestead of a married or unmarried adult, 11 including one living 12 In the manner provided by law, the voters of a county alone. education district at an election held for that purpose may exempt 13 from ad valorem taxation a percentage of the market value of the 14 residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including one 15 living alone. The percentage may not exceed [forty-percent-(40%) 16 for-the-years-1982-through-19847-thirty-percent-(30%)-for-the-years 17 1985-through-1987,-and] twenty percent [(20%)--in--1988--and--each 18 19 subsequent--year]. However, the amount of an exemption authorized pursuant to this subsection may not be less than Five Thousand 20 Dollars (\$5,000) unless the legislature by general law prescribes 21 other monetary restrictions on the amount of the exemption. 22 eligible adult is entitled to receive other applicable exemptions 23 provided by law. Where ad valorem tax has previously been pledged 24

Conference Réport

for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect the tax against the value of the homesteads exempted under this subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was created. The legislature by general law may prescribe procedures for the administration of residence homestead exemptions.

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SECTION 2. Article VIII, Section 1-b(b), of the Texas

Constitution is amended to read as follows:

(b) The [From-and-after-January-17-19737-the] governing body of any county, city, town, school district, or other political subdivision of the State, other than a county education district, may exempt by its own action not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000) of the market value of residence homesteads of persons, married or unmarried, including those living alone, who are under a disability for purposes of payment of disability insurance benefits under Federal Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance or successor or of married or unmarried persons sixty-five (65) years of age or older, including those living alone, from all ad valorem taxes thereafter levied by the political subdivision. alternative, upon receipt of a petition signed by twenty percent (20%) of the voters who voted in the last preceding election held by the political subdivision, the governing body of the subdivision shall call an election to determine by majority vote whether an amount not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000) as provided in γ_{γ} the petition, of the market value of residence homesteads of disabled persons or of persons sixty-five (65) years of age or over

1 shall be exempt from ad valorem taxes thereafter levied by 2 In the manner provided by law, the voters political subdivision. 3 of a county education district at an election held for that purpose may exempt an amount not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000), 4 5 as provided in the petition, of the market value of residence homesteads of disabled persons or of persons sixty-five (65) years 6 of age or over from ad valorem taxes thereafter levied by the 7 county education district. An eligible disabled person who is 8 9 sixty-five (65) years of age or older may not receive both 10 exemptions from the same political subdivision in the same year but may choose either if the subdivision has adopted both. Where any 11 ad valorem tax has theretofore been pledged for the payment of any 12 13 debt, the taxing officers of the political subdivision shall have 14 authority to continue to levy and collect the tax against 15 homestead property at the same rate as the tax so pledged until the 16 debt is discharged, if the cessation of the levy would impair the 17 obligation of the contract by which the debt was created. 18 exemption adopted under this subsection based on assessed value is increased, effective January 1, 1979, to an amount that, when 19 20 converted to market value, provides the same reduction in taxes, except that the market value exemption shall be 21 22 nearest \$100. 23

SECTION 3. Article VIII, Section 1(e), of the Texas.

Constitution is amended to read as follows:

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(e) The governing body of a political subdivision, other than a county education district, may provide for the taxation of all property exempt under a law adopted under Subdivision (2) of

Subsection (d) of this section and not exempt from ad valorem 1 taxation by any other law. In the manner provided by law, the 2 voters of a county education district at an election held for that 3 purpose may provide for the taxation of all property exempt under a law adopted under Subdivision (2) of Subsection (d) of this section 5 and not exempt from ad valorem taxation by any other law. 6 SECTION 4. Article VIII) of the Texas Constitution is amended 7 by adding Section 1-b-1 to read as follows: 8 Sec. 1-b-1. The references to a county education district in 9 Sections 1 and 1-b of this article neither validate nor 10 invalidate county education districts. 11 SECTION 5. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be 12 submitted to the voters at an election to be held August 10, 1991. 13 The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against 14 the proposition: "The constitutional amendment to allow the voters 15 of a county education district to adopt certain exemptions from the 16 district's ad valorem taxation for residence homesteads and to 17 provide for the taxation of certain tangible personal property." 18

SENATE VERSION	HOUSE VERSION	CONFERENCE REPORT
SECTION 1 Amends Article VIII, Section 1-b Texas Constitution as follows: (e) Specifically removes a county education district from the ad valorem tax exemption powers given the governing body of a political subdivision. (f) Requires the county education district to exempt from ad valorem taxation 20% of the market value of a residence homestead. Limits the exemption under this subsection to not less than \$5,000 unless the legislature prescribes other monetary restrictions on exemptions. A residence homestead owner may receive other exemptions by law. The legislature by law may set out administrative procedures for this subsection's provisions.	Section 1 (e) same with the addition of language allowing the voters of a county eduction district to hold an election for the purpose of exempting a percentage of the market value of a residence homestead.	House Version
SECTION 2 Sets the voter election date of November 5, 1991, and specifies ballot language.	SECTION 5 Sets the voter election date of August 10, 1991, and specifies ballot language.	House version
no similar provision	SECTION 2 Amends Article VIII, Section 1-b(b), Texas Constitution stating that a county education district may not exempt homesteads for disabled or persons over 65. Provides for an election of the voters to require homestead exemptions for the disabled and over 65.	House version

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT Side-By-Side

SENATE VERSION	HOUSE VERSION	CONFERENCE REPORT
no similar provision	Section 3 amends Article VIII, Section 1(e), Texas Constitution as follows: (e) Specifically removes a county education district from the powers given the governing body of a political subdivision regarding the taxation of property exempt under Subdivision (2) of Subsection (d). Allows for an election of a county education district to provide for this exemption.	House version
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no similar provision	SECTION 4 Amends Article VIII, Texas Constitution, by adding Sec 1-b-1 to provide that the references to a county education district in Sections 1 and 1-b do not validate county education districts.	SECTION 4 Amends Article VIII, Texas Constitution by adding Sec 1-b-1 to reareferences to a county education districts in Sections 1 and 1-b neither validate invalidate county education districts.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT FORM

Austin, Texas

Honorable Bob Bullock President of the Senate MAY 2 7 1991 Honorable Gibson D. "Gib" Lewis Speaker of the House of Representatives Sir: House of Representatives We, your Conference Committee, appointed to adjust the differences between the Senate and the House of have met and had the same under consideration, and beg to report it back with the recommendation that it do pass in the form and text hereto attached. AND A CONTRACT Lings . Paul Stringer BORGERT CONT. OF CONTROL onto ione Parvover 公司(Minager 1997年中午 1997年) 中国企业 CHARLES THE STATE OF A CONTRACT OF A machr will Hallet On the part of the Senate he part of the House Silvatas itaut lika on

Note to Conference Committee Clerk:

Please type the name of the members of the Conference Committee under the lines provided for signature. Those members desiring to sign the report should sign each of the six copies. Attach a copy of the Conference Committee Report and a Section by Section side by side comparison to each of the six reporting forms. Three copies are then filed in the Senate and three copies filed in the House of Representatives.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

- proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing a county education district by election to adopt certain residence homestead exemptions and to provide for the taxation of certain tangible
- 4 personal property.
- 5 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- SECTION 1. Article VIII, Section 1-b(e), of the Texas
 Constitution is amended to read as follows:
- (e) The governing body of a political subdivision, other 8 than a county education district, may exempt from ad valorem 9 taxation a percentage of the market value of the residence 10 11 homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including one living In the manner provided by law, the voters of a county 12 alone. education district at an election held for that purpose may exempt 13 from ad valorem taxation a percentage of the market value of the 14 residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including one 15 16 living alone. The percentage may not exceed [forty-percent-(40%) for-the-years-1982-through-1984,-thirty-percent-(38%)-for-the-years 17 1985-through-1987,-and | twenty percent [(20%)--in--1988--and--each 18 subsequent--year]. However, the amount of an exemption authorized 19 20 pursuant to this subsection may not be less than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) unless the legislature by general law prescribes 21 other monetary restrictions on the amount of the exemption. 22 eligible adult is entitled to receive other applicable exemptions 23 provided by law. Where ad valorem tax has previously been pledged 24

for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect the tax against the value of the homesteads exempted under this subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was created. The legislature by general law may prescribe procedures for the administration of residence homestead exemptions.

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SECTION 2. Article VIII, Section 1-b(b), of the Texas

Constitution is amended to read as follows:

The [From-and-after-January-17-19737-the] governing body of any county, city, town, school district, or other political subdivision of the State, other than a county education district, may exempt by its own action not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000) of the market value of residence homesteads of persons, married or unmarried, including those living alone, who are under a disability for purposes of payment of disability insurance benefits under Federal Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance or successor or of married or unmarried persons sixty-five (65) years of age or older, including those living alone, from all ad valorem taxes thereafter levied by the political subdivision. alternative, upon receipt of a petition signed by twenty percent (20%) of the voters who voted in the last preceding election held by the political subdivision, the governing body of the subdivision shall call an election to determine by majority vote whether amount not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000) as provided in the petition, of the market value of residence homesteads of disabled persons or of persons sixty-five (65) years of age or over

1 shall be exempt from ad valorem taxes thereafter levied by 2 political subdivision. In the manner provided by law, the voters 3 of a county education district at an election held for that purpose 4 may exempt an amount not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000), as provided in the petition, of the market value of residence 5 homesteads of disabled persons or of persons sixty-five (65) years 6 7 of age or over from ad valorem taxes thereafter levied by the county education district. An eligible disabled person who is 8 sixty-five (65) years of age or older may not receive both 9 exemptions from the same political subdivision in the same year but 10 11 may choose either if the subdivision has adopted both. Where any 12 ad valorem tax has theretofore been pledged for the payment of any 13 debt, the taxing officers of the political subdivision shall have 14 authority to continue to levy and collect the tax against 15 homestead property at the same rate as the tax so pledged until the 16 debt is discharged, if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was created. 17 exemption adopted under this subsection based on assessed value is 18 19 increased, effective January 1, 1979, to an amount that, when 20 converted to market value, provides the same reduction in taxes, 21 except that the market value exemption shall be rounded to the 22 nearest \$100.

SECTION 3. Article VIII, Section 1(e), of the Texas

Constitution is amended to read as follows:

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(e) The governing body of a political subdivision, other than a county education district, may provide for the taxation of all property exempt under a law adopted under Subdivision (2) of

taxation by any other law. In the manner provided by law, the 2 voters of a county education district at an election held for that 3 purpose may provide for the taxation of all property exempt under a law adopted under Subdivision (2) of Subsection (d) of this section 5 and not exempt from ad valorem taxation by any other law. 6 SECTION 4. Article VIII, of the Texas Constitution is amended by adding Section 1-b-1 to read as follows: 8 Sec. 1-b-1. The references to a county education district in 9 Sections 1 and 1-b of this article neither validate nor 10 invalidate county education districts. 11 This proposed constitutional amendment shall be SECTION 5 12. submitted to the voters at an election to be held August 10, 1991. 13 The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against 14 the proposition: "The constitutional amendment to allow the voters 15 of a county education district to adopt certain exemptions from the 16 district's ad valorem taxation for residence homesteads and to 17 provide for the taxation of certain tangible personal property." 18

Subsection (d) of this section and not exempt from ad valorem

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SENATE VERSION	HOUSE VERSION	CONFERENCE REPORT	
SECTION 1 Amends Article VIII, Section 1-b Texas Constitution as follows: (e) Specifically removes a county education district from the ad valorem tax exemption powers given the governing body of a political subdivision. (f) Requires the county education district to exempt from ad valorem taxation 20% of the market value of a residence homestead. Limits the exemption under this subsection to not less than \$5,000 unless the legislature prescribes other monetary restrictions on exemptions. A residence homestead owner may receive other exemptions by law. The legislature by law may set out administrative procedures for this subsection's provisions.	Section 1 (e) same with the addition of language allowing the voters of a county eduction district to hold an election for the purpose of exempting a percentage of the market value of a residence homestead.	House Version	
SECTION 2 Sets the voter election date of November 5, 1991, and specifies ballot language.	SECTION 5 Sets the voter election date of August 10, 1991, and specifies ballot language.	House version	
no similar provision	SECTION 2 Amends Article VIII, Section 1-b(b), Texas Constitution stating that a county education district may not exempt homesteads for disabled or persons over 65. Provides for an election of the voters to require homestead exemptions for the disabled and over 65.	House version	

SENATE VERSION	HOUSE VERSION	CONFERENCE REPORT
no similar provision	Section 3 amends Article VIII, Section 1(e), Texas Constitution as follows: (e) Specifically removes a county education district from the powers given the governing body of a political subdivision regarding the taxation of property exempt under Subdivision (2) of Subsection (d). Allows for an election of a county education district to provide for this exemption.	House version
no similar provision	SECTION 4 Amends Article VIII, Texas Constitution, by adding Sec 1-b-1 to provide that the references to a county education district in Sections 1 and 1-b do not validate county education districts,	SECTION 4 Amends Art Constitution by adding references to a county in Sections 1 and 1-b r invalidate county educa

SECTION 4 Amends Article VIII, Texas Constitution by adding Sec 1-b-1 to read: references to a county education district in Sections 1 and 1-b neither validate nor invalidate county education districts.

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Enrolled May 27, 1991

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Enrolling Clerk

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S.J.R. No. 42

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing a county education district by election to adopt certain residence homestead exemptions and to provide for the taxation of certain tangible personal property.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Article VIII, Section 1-b(e), of the Texas

Constitution is amended to read as follows:

(e) The governing body of a political subdivision, other than a county education district, may exempt from ad valorem taxation a percentage of the market value of the residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including one living alone. In the manner provided by law, the voters of a county education district at an election held for that purpose may exempt from ad valorem taxation a percentage of the market value of the residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including one living alone. The percentage may not exceed [forty--percent--(40%) for-the-years-1982-through-19847-thirty-percent-(30%)-for-the-years 1985--through--1987,--and] twenty percent [(20%)-in-1988-and-each subsequent-year]. However, the amount of an exemption authorized pursuant to this subsection may not be less than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) unless the legislature by general law prescribes other monetary restrictions on the amount of the exemption. eligible adult is entitled to receive other applicable exemptions provided by law. Where ad valorem tax has previously been pledged

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S.J.R. No. 42

for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect the tax against the value of the homesteads exempted under this subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was created. The legislature by general law may prescribe procedures for the administration of residence homestead exemptions.

SECTION 2. Article VIII, Section 1-b(b), of the Texas Constitution is amended to read as follows:

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The [From-and-after-January-1,-1973,-the] governing body of any county, city, town, school district, or other political subdivision of the State, other than a county education district, may exempt by its own action not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000) of the market value of residence homesteads of persons, married or unmarried, including those living alone, who are under a disability for purposes of payment of disability insurance benefits under Federal Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance or successor or of married or unmarried persons sixty-five (65) years of age or older, including those living alone, from all ad valorem taxes thereafter levied by the political subdivision. alternative, upon receipt of a petition signed by twenty percent of the voters who voted in the last preceding election held by the political subdivision, the governing body of the subdivision shall call an election to determine by majority vote whether amount not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000) as provided in

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S.J.R. No. 42 the petition, of the market value of residence homesteads of 1 disabled persons or of persons sixty-five (65) years of age or over 2 shall be exempt from ad valorem taxes thereafter levied by the 3 In the manner provided by law, the voters 4 political subdivision. of a county education district at an election held for that purpose 5 may exempt an amount not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000), 6 7 as provided in the petition, of the market value of residence homesteads of disabled persons or of persons sixty-five (65) years 8 of age or over from ad valorem taxes thereafter levied by the 9 county education district. An eligible disabled person who is 10 11 sixty-five (65) years of age or older may not receive both 12 exemptions from the same political subdivision in the same year but 13 may choose either if the subdivision has adopted both. Where any ad valorem tax has theretofore been pledged for the payment of 14 debt, the taxing officers of the political subdivision shall have 15 authority to continue to levy and collect the tax against 16 17 homestead property at the same rate as the tax so pledged until the debt is discharged, if the cessation of the levy would impair the 18 obligation of the contract by which the debt was created. 19 exemption adopted under this subsection based on assessed value is 20 increased, effective January 1, 1979, to an amount that, 21 converted to market value, provides the same reduction in taxes, 22 23 except that the market value exemption shall be rounded to 24 nearest \$100.

SECTION 3. Article VIII, Section 1(e), of the Texas

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New?

S.J.R. No. 42

Constitution is amended to read as follows:

than a county education district, may provide for the taxation of all property exempt under a law adopted under Subdivision (2) of Subsection (d) of this section and not exempt from ad valorem taxation by any other law. In the manner provided by law, the voters of a county education district at an election held for that purpose may provide for the taxation of all property exempt under a law adopted under Subdivision (2) of Subsection (d) of this section and not exempt from ad valorem taxation by any other law.

SECTION 4. Article VIII of the Texas Constitution is amended by adding Section 1-b-1 to read as follows:

Sec. 1-b-1. The references to a county education district in Sections 1 and 1-b of this article neither validate nor invalidate county education districts.

SECTION 5. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held August 10, 1991. The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment to allow the voters of a county education district to adopt certain exemptions from the district's ad valorem taxation for residence homesteads and to provide for the taxation of certain tangible personal property."

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House

I hereby certify that S.J.R. No. 42 was adopted by the Senate on April 17, 1991, by the following vote: Yeas 29, Nays 0; May 25, 1991, Senate refused to concur in House amendments and requested appointment of Conference Committee; May 26, 1991, House granted request of the Senate; May 27, 1991, Senate adopted Conference Committee Report by the following vote: Yeas 31, Nays 0.

Secretary of the Senate

I hereby certify that S.J.R. No. 42 was adopted by the House, with amendments, on May 23, 1991, by the following vote: Yeas 126, Nays 18, one present not voting; May 26, 1991, House granted request of the Senate for appointment of Conference Committee; May 27, 1991, House adopted Conference Committee Report by the following vote: Yeas 135, Nays 6, one present not voting.

Chief Clerk of the House

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

May 8, 1991

TO: Honorable Emestine Glossbrenner,

Chair

Committee on Public Education
House of Representatives
Austin, Texas

IN RE: House Committee Substitute for

Senate Joint Resolution No. 42,

FROM: Jim Oliver, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on House Committee Substitute for Senate Joint Resolution No. 42 (proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing a county education district by election to adopt certain residence homestead exemptions and to provide for the taxation of certain tangible personal property) this office has determined the following:

The resolution proposes a constitutional amendment which, if approved by the voters, would allow the voters of a county education district to grant additional ad valorem tax exemptions for homesteads -- including those owned by disabled and elderly persons -- and to tax certain tangible personal property. The resolution anticipates enactment of Senate Bill No. 351, which would create county education districts for the purpose of levying a required minimum tax under the Foundation School Program (FSP). The proposed amendment would be placed before the voters on August 10, 1991.

The resolution's provisions, as implemented by Senate Bill 351 and other enabling legislation, could have an impact on local tax revenue collectors depending on the outcome of local elections. These fiscal implications cannot be determined.

The cost of publication of the resolution to the State is \$60,000. No other cost to the State is anticipated.

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JWH, DF, JOB, PA

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

EQUALIZED EDUCATION FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT

May 8, 1991

To: Honorable Ernestine Glossbrenner, Chair

Committee on Public Education

In Re: House Committee Substitute for

Senate Joint Resolution No. 42

From: Jim Oliver, Director

In response to your request for an Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement on House Committee Substitute for Senate Joint Resolution No. 42 (proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing a county education district by election to adopt certain residence homestead exemptions and to provide for the taxation of certain tangible personal property), this office has determined the following:

The impact of this resolution on equalized funding requirements and policies affecting public education cannot be ascertained.

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

May 7, 1991

TO: Honorable Emestine Glossbrenner,

Chair

Committee on Public Education

House of Representatives

Austin, Texas

IN RE: Senate Joint Resolution No. 42,

as engrossed

By: Green, et al.

FROM: Jim Oliver, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on Senate Joint Resolution No. 42, as engrossed (proposing a constitutional amendment to partially exempt residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by county education districts) this office has determined the following:

The resolution proposes a constitutional amendment which, if approved by the voters, would provide an ad valorem tax exemption of 20 percent on residence homesteads for taxes levied by a county education district. The resolution anticipates enactment of Senate Bill No. 351, which would create county education districts for the purpose of levying a required minimum tax under the Foundation School Program (FSP).

The Texas Constitution currently <u>allows</u> all political subdivisions to grant a homestead exemption not to exceed 20 percent and no lower than \$5,000. The proposed amendment would require county education districts to provide a 20 percent exemption.

The increase in required homestead exemptions would have the effect of reducing local revenue collected for the county education districts and increasing state aid under tier one of the FSP. These fiscal implications cannot be accurately determined at this time.

The cost of publication of the resolution to the State is \$60,000.

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JWH, DF, JOB, LC

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

April 11, 1991

TO: Honorable John Montford, Chairman

IN RE: Senate Joint Resolution No. 42

Committee on Finance

By: Green, et al.

Senate Chamber Austin, Texas

FROM: Jim Oliver, Director

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on Senate Joint Resolution No. 42 (proposing a constitutional amendment to partially exempt residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by county education districts) this office has determined the following:

The resolution proposes a constitutional amendment which, if approved by the voters, would provide an ad valorem tax exemption of 20 percent on residence homesteads for taxes levied by a county education district. The resolution anticipates enactment of Senate Bill No. 351, which would create county education districts for the purpose of levying a required minimum tax under the Foundation School Program (FSP).

The Texas Constitution currently <u>allows</u> all political subdivisions to grant a homestead exemption not to exceed 20 percent and no lower than \$5,000. The proposed amendment would <u>require</u> county education districts to provide a 20 percent exemption.

The increase in required homestead exemptions would have the effect of reducing local revenue collected for the county education districts and increasing state aid under tier one of the FSP. These fiscal implications cannot be accurately determined at this time.

The cost of publication of the resolution to the State is \$60,000.

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JWH, DF, JOB, LC

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

EQUALIZED EDUCATION FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT

May 7, 1991

To: Honorable Ernestine Glossbrenner, Chair

Committee on Public Education

In Re: Senate Joint Resolution No. 42

By: Green, et al

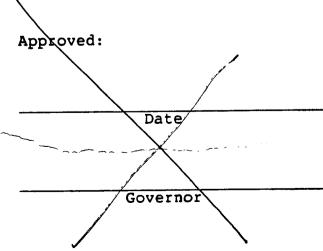
From: Jim Oliver, Director

In response to your request for an Equalized Education Funding Impact Statement on Senate Joint Resolution No. 42 (proposing a constitutional amendment to partially exempt residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by county education districts), this office has determined the following:

The impact of this resolution on equalized funding requirements and policies affecting public education cannot be ascertained.

J.R. s.B. No. 42

President of the Senate TR Speaker of the House
T hereby certify that S.B. No. 10 passed the Senate on
I hereby certify that S.B. No. 12 passed the Senate on the House passed the H
May 25, 1991, Senate refused to concur in House amendments
and requested appointment of Conference Committee;
May 26, 1991, House granted request of the Senate;
May 26, 1991, House granted request of the Senate; May 27, 1991, Senate adopted Conference Committee Report by
the following vote: Yeas 3/, Nays O.
1 one present not voting
Cogretary of the Senate
Secretary of the Senate J. R. Wasadopted by I hereby certify that S.B. No. 42 passed the House, with
I hereby certify that S.B. No. 70 passed the House, with
amendments, on May 23, 1991, by the following vote:
Yeas 126, Nays 18; May 26, 1991, House granted request
of the Senate for appointment of Conference Committee;
May 27, 1991, House adopted Conference Committee Report by
May 27, 1991, House adopted Conference Committee Report by the following vote: Yeas/35, Nays 6/. A present.
the following vote: Yeas/33, Nays 6/. 7, 002 pusero.
the following vote: Yeas/33, Nays 6/. Nays 6/. Studing



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S.J.R. No: 46	SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION	By the the	ten in a transfer in the second
proposing a cons	stitutional amendment to partiall tion by county education district	y exempt residence homes	teads from
3-25.91	Filed with the Secretary of the Senate		
APR 2 1991	Read and referred to Committee on	FINANCE	
APR 1 : 1991	Reported favorably		
	Reported adversely, with favorable Committee	ee Substitute; Committee Substitute r	ead first time.
	Ordered not printed		·
	Laid before the Senate	Commen	
APR 17 1991	Senate and Constitutional Rules to permit co	ensideration suspended by:	yeas, nays
ADD 17 1001	"Art"		unanimous consent
APR 7 1991	Read second time,	, and ordered engrossed by:	a viva voce vote yeas, nays
	Caption ordered amended to conform to the l		'n
APR 7 1991	Senate and Constitutional 3 Day Rule suspen	nded by a vote of yeas,	nays.
ADD 1 7 1991	Read third time,	, and passed by: _ 29 _ye	eas, O nays
٥		}	•
An 1 19 1991			<i>y</i> *
10:1.18 1001	Engrossed		
April 18, 1111	Sent to House		
		. 0.	DA 61 1
Engrossing Clerk APR 1 8 1991	Usy Jaw MAY	1 1991 Renderred to	Public Education
	Recailed from the Senate	IN and + Mea	
APR 2 9 1991	Read first time and referred to Committee on	1:150 m MAY 91	991
5-7-9	Reported favorably amended, sent to Printer Printed and Distributed 5:36 a	1:150m MAY 91	331
6.111.Gl		4 Am	
MAY 2 3 1991	Read Second time amended and finally adopted		
	by Record Vote of 126 yeas,	nays present not voti	ing.
	Read third time (amended) and finally adopted failed adoption by Record Vote of yeas,	navs present not vot	ing.
MAY 2 3 1991.	Caption ordered amended to conform to body of		
MAY 2 3 1991	Returned to Senate.		
		Be on	
		Detty Mix	rey
		CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOU	SE V
* *	Returned from House without amendment.		
MAY 23 1991	Returned from House with amendments	3.	

Concurred in House amendments by a viva voce vote _____ yeas, _

MAY 25 1991	Refused to concur in House amendments and requested the appointment of a Conference Committee to adjust the differences.		
	Senate conferees instructed.		
MAY 25 1991	Senate conferees appointed: Dreen, Chairman; Wellinger, and Parker		
MRY 26 1991	House granted Senate request. House conferees appointed:		
MAY 27 1991	Conference Committee Report read and filed with the Secretary of the Senate.		
	Conference Committee Report adopted on the part of the House by:		
	a viva voce vote		
MAY 27 1991	Conference Committee Report adopted on the part of the Senate by:		
	$ \begin{cases} -a \text{ viva voce vote} \\ 3 \text{ yeas, } \boxed{\mathcal{O}} \text{ nays} \end{cases} $		
OTHER ACTION:			
	Recommitted to Conference Committee		
	Conferees discharged.		
and the second s	Conference Committee Report failed of adoption by:		
	a viva voce vote		

91 MAY -9 Pil 5: 36

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